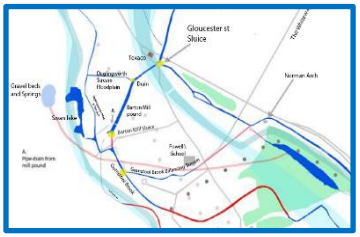
Citizen River Monitoring Report April 2026



Friends of Gumstool Brook is a group of local people interested in Cirencester's Gumstool Brook and its associated streams. Visit our website at https://gumstool.org.uk

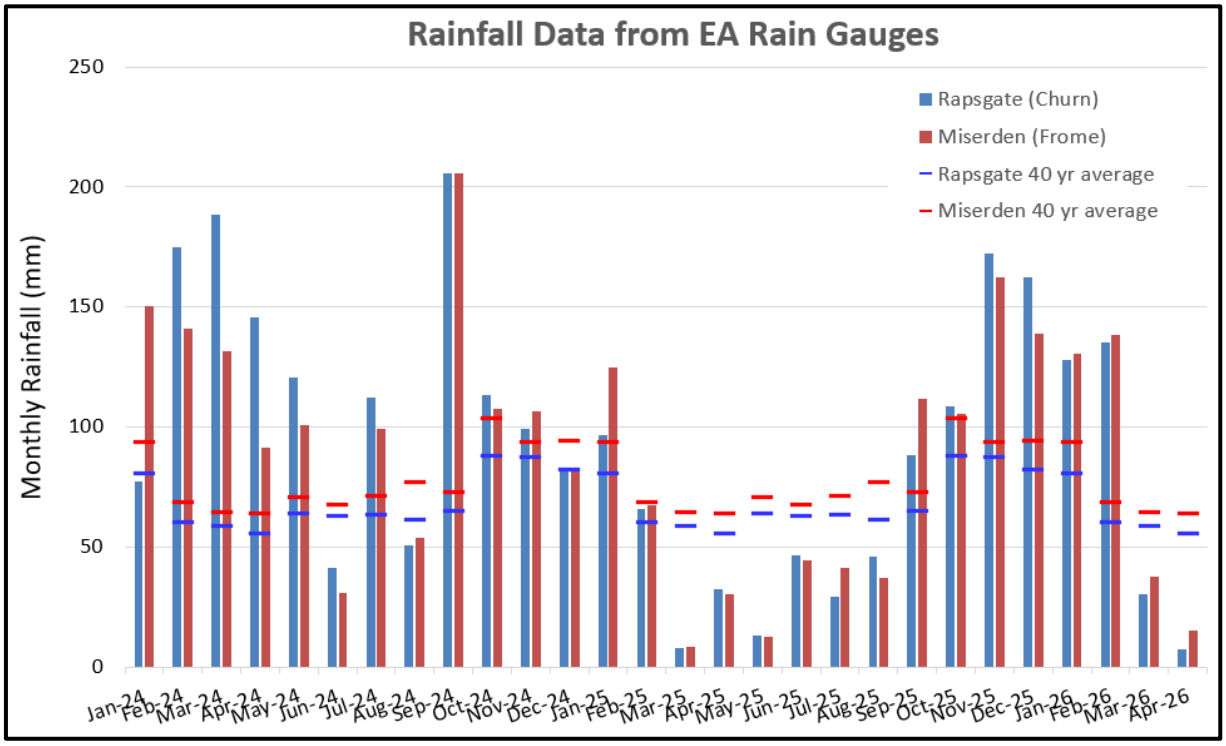
Summary

- The trend of above average rainfall from September 2025 to February 2026 has been followed by a notably dry March and an exceptionally dry April, with rainfall of only 7 mm in the Churn and 15 mm in the Frome catchments, equating to only 12% and 24% of their monthly averages.
- With significantly below average rainfall in April, groundwater levels in the Cotswold limestone aquifer continued to decline but remained normal for the time of year. A similar declining pattern in groundwater levels is seen in the shallow Gravel aquifer.
- At the end of March, flow in the River Churn at the Environment Agency (EA) Cirencester gauging station was normal for the time of year. With the exceptionally dry April, flow at the end of the month decreased significantly to about 39 million litres per day (Ml/d), equivalent to 0.45 cubic metres per second (m^3/s), which is below normal for the time of year.
- The large sluice gate at the Gloucester Street was closed on 16th April as per the MoU document.
- The water level in Barton Mill Pound has reduced, consistent with the declining flows in the River Churn. There are low flows out of the Mill Pound at both the New and Old overflows.
- The flow in the Daglingworth stream from Duntisbourne Abbots to Daglingworth village has now reduced to a low flow.
- The Daglingworth stream flow now ceases just upstream of the ford at Daglingworth Place, with no flow from this point all the way downstream to Barton Lane on the northern edge of Cirencester.
- There is a very low flow in the Gumstool Brook along Riverside Walk and into the Abbey Grounds. The Gumstool Brook Balancing Stream has significant vegetation growth and very low flow.
- Riverfly monitoring was not carried out in April, with the next round planned for end May. Water quality monitoring shows that phosphate concentrations have decreased in the Churn and Gumstool Brook with stable or decreasing nitrate. A comparison with water quality standards for April results indicates high quality for phosphate and ammonia and good quality for nitrate.
- Flow in Cirencester's waterways is below normal for the time of year as a result of exceptionally dry April, with the Daglingworth Stream dry from Daglingworth Place to Cirencester. As a result, the health of the water environment has deteriorated and with even near average rainfall this Summer, there could again be significant stress on Cirencester's waterways.

If you would like to go straight to any of the following detailed topics, just Click on a heading

1. Weather Update & Water Situation Prognosis

Following a wet Autumn/Winter of 2025/26 in the upper Churn and Daglingworth catchments, with six consecutive months of above average rainfall from September 2025 to February 2026, March 2026 was notably dry. This has been followed by an even drier April, with only just over 7 mm and 15 mm of rain in the Churn and Frome catchments, respectively, equating to only 12% and 24% of their monthly averages. Although there is some data uncertainty in the 42 to 45 year record for the upper Churn and Daglingworth catchments, April 2026 is estimated to be the 5th driest on record.



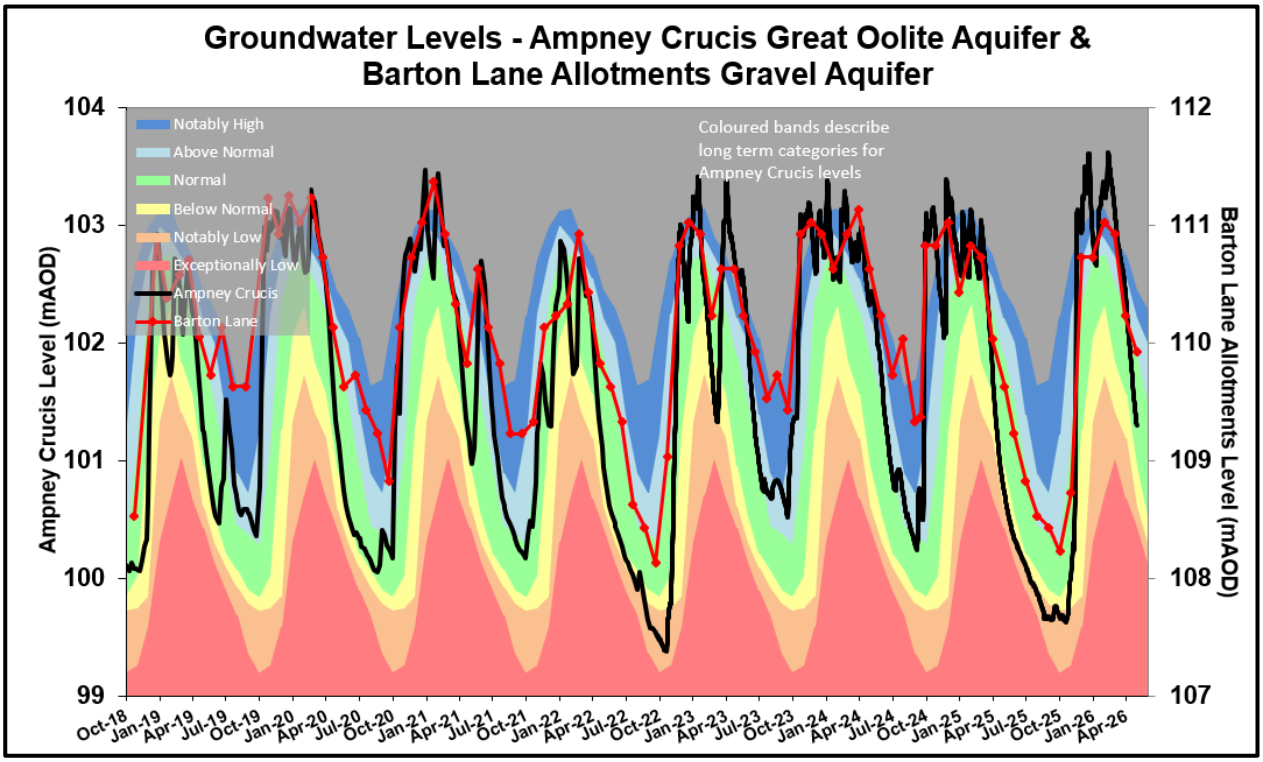
With both March and April experiencing notably dry weather, soils across the Churn catchment and the rest of the Cotswolds are now dry. Unless there is exceptionally heavy rainfall, no aquifer recharge is expected with the decline of groundwater levels and river flows expected to continue into autumn.

Looking ahead at the weather, the Met Office 3 month outlook for May to July 2026 for the whole UK indicates a wet period is more likely than a dry period, although near average rainfall remains the most likely outcome, while the chance of a hot late spring-early summer is higher than normal. As usual, regional differences in weather across the UK could be significant, consistent with the more showery nature of summer rainfall.

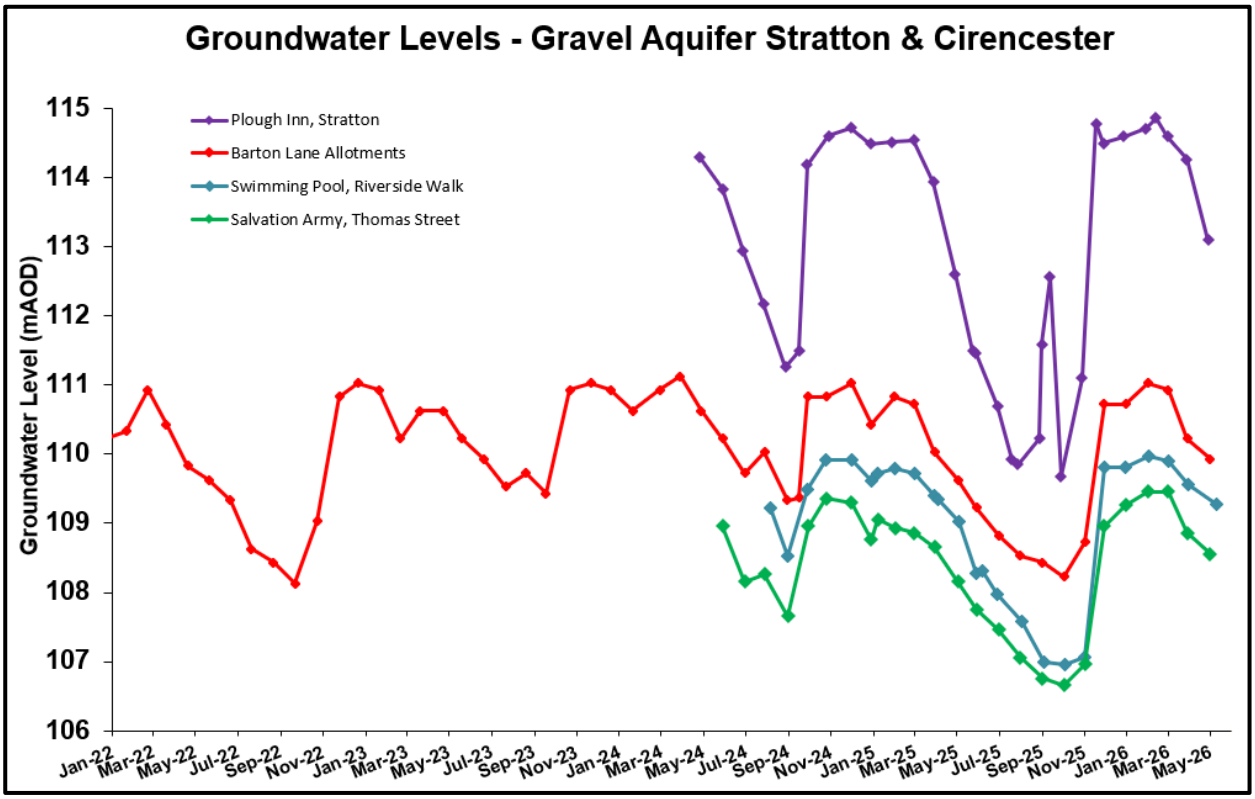
With the health of Cirencester's waterways always influenced by the weather, the marked change from wet to dry weather in March resulted in the water environment in the upper Churn and Daglingworth catchments returning to more normal conditions for the time of year. However, with the exceptionally dry April resulting in below normal flows, even near average rainfall this Summer could result in significant stress on the health of Cirencester's waterways.

2. Groundwater Situation

Although groundwater in the Great Oolite limestone aquifer reached exceptionally high levels in the 2025/26 winter, with notable peaks in December 2025 and February 2026, the well below average rainfall in March and April has resulted in a significant fall in groundwater levels. Despite this decline, groundwater levels at the end of April remained normal for the time of year, although they are following a clear downward trend, as illustrated on the graph below. Once again, this decline illustrates how rapidly conditions in the water environment can change in response to marked changes in rainfall.



The graph above includes groundwater levels measured monthly in the shallow Gravel aquifer in the Barton Lane Allotments Well. This illustrates the consistency in groundwater level patterns between the Gravel aquifer and the Great Oolite limestone aquifer, although the details are less clear due to the less frequent (monthly) monitoring. The monitoring record at Barton Lane Allotments is only 7 years long, but this shows that groundwater levels at the end of April 2026 are comparable to low levels measured at the end of April in previous years.



As shown on the graph above, very similar groundwater level trends in the Gravel aquifer continue to be measured in the shallow wells at Barton Lane allotments, the Swimming Pool and the Salvation Army in Cirencester, and the Plough Inn in Stratton. Although these wells are only monitored at the end of each month, and details of groundwater level changes during the month

are not captured, there is consistency in their fluctuations over time and in relation to their location within the catchment. For example, the Plough Inn well always has the highest groundwater level, reflecting its position higher upstream in the Daglingworth Stream catchment, with progressively lower levels further downstream in the wells at the Barton Lane Allotments, Swimming Pool and the Salvation Army. It is also evident that groundwater levels, as measured at the end of April, have fallen more rapidly in the Plough Inn well compared with the other shallow wells.

3. Daglingworth Stream & Gumstool Brook Flows

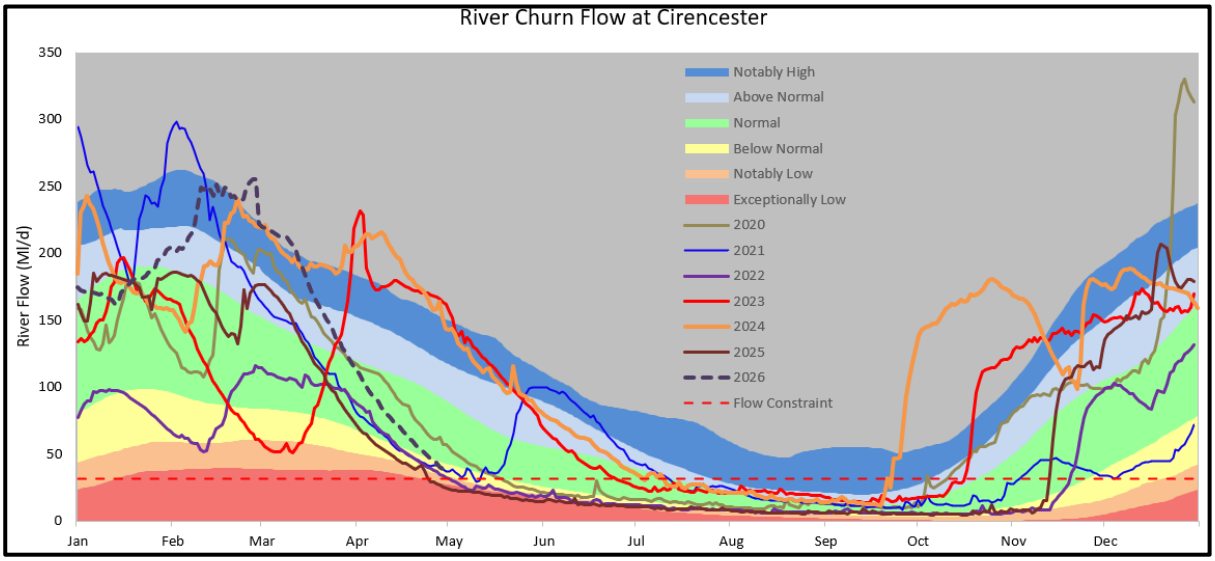
Following the dry Spring and Summer of 2025, continuous flow in the Daglingworth Stream from Duntisbourne Abbots to Cirencester did not fully recommencing until mid-December 2025 when exceptionally high groundwater levels for the time of year were reached in the Great Oolite limestone aquifer, increasing baseflow of groundwater into the Daglingworth Stream. As groundwater levels fluctuated over the winter, so did flow in the Daglingworth Stream, with flow ceasing between Daglingworth and Cirencester in early January and high flows leading to flow across its floodplains south of Daglingworth in February. As groundwater levels fell as a result of notably dry weather in March, flow in the Daglingworth Stream once again ceased at School Hill, Stratton. Although very low flow persisted at Barn Way, the stream flow had ceased again at South Stratton (see Map 1, Section 7 for locations). This increase in the extent of very low and no flows has continued as a result of the exceptionally dry April. At the end of April, the Daglingworth Stream ceased to flow just upstream of Daglingworth Place with no flow occurring downstream until Barton Lane in Cirencester, when flow in the Daglingworth Stream/Gumstool Brook is augmented by flow from the River Churn.

Flows in the waterways in northern Cirencester have continued to decline during April. Water levels in the Barton Mill Pound have decreased as a result of declining flow from the River Churn at Gloucester Street, with low flows continuing from both overflows from the Mill Pound into the adjacent field. There is no flow contribution from the Daglingworth Stream flow into Cirencester, but outflow from the Mill Pound continues to support very low flows in the Gumstool Brook along Riverside Walk and the Balancing Stream. Further downstream, the Gumstool Brook in the Abbey Grounds also has very low flows down to its confluence with the western branch of the River Churn.

4. River Churn Flow

With the notably dry March and exceptionally dry April, both groundwater levels and river flows in the Churn have declined further, with flows decreasing from normal to below normal for the time of year, as shown on the graph below. Data from the Environment Agency (EA) Cirencester gauging station shows that at the end of April the flow was just below 39 million litres per day (Ml/d), equivalent to 0.45 cubic metres per second (m3/s). Compared with the River Churn flow of 118 Ml/d at the end of March, the 39 Ml/d flow at the end of April equates to a reduction of around 66%. This is a significant reduction and makes the end April 2026 flow the 9th lowest end April flow since records began in 1980, although this is still higher than the end April flows recorded in 2022 and 2025, the latter being the 2nd lowest on record.

With the end April flow in the Churn at the EA gauging station at 39 Ml/d, this is very close to the 32 Ml/d flow trigger. This 32 Ml/d figure is the flow below which groundwater abstraction by Thames Water at Baunton for public water supply must cease. With river flow having declined significantly during April, it is probable that the trigger will be passed during May. This means that the Baunton groundwater abstraction will be required to stop pumping water to supply customers in the area, with more distant water sources being used in its place. Nevertheless, some pumping of groundwater from Baunton into the River Churn is likely to take place every week to enable water to be supplied to customers in an emergency.



5. River Health

The health of the River Churn and Daglingworth Stream is being monitored via measurement of water quality and riverfly numbers. This is being done on the River Churn at Gooseacre Lane, just downstream of the Gloucester St sluices, and on the Gumstool Brook (Daglingworth Stream) along Riverside Walk. The aim is to carry this out monthly when river flow conditions allow monitoring to be carried out safely.

a) River water quality

Monitoring of river water quality covers the nutrients, ammonia, nitrate and phosphate, and turbidity, a measure of how clear the water is. All measurements to date have shown intermittent spikes, with phosphate (PO_4) concentration spikes being the most obvious and frequent, as shown on the graph for the Churn below, with similar spikes having also occurred in the Gumstool Brook. Some spikes of high nitrate (NO_3) also occur in the Churn and Gumstool Brook, with much less frequent spikes in ammonia concentrations. Since groundwater levels and river flows increased in November 2025, concentrations of nitrate and ammonia were stable or declining in the Churn through to March 2026. A similar pattern in PO_4 concentrations in the Churn was apparent until concentrations increased in March as river flows decreased. This decrease in PO_4 has continued as flows also declined, with end April concentrations being notably low, while there were slight increases in nitrate and ammonia concentrations. In the Gumstool Brook, there were similar declining or stable concentrations in nitrate, ammonia and PO_4 until January 2026, but progressive increases in nitrate and PO_4 occurred during January through to March, but with marked decreases occurring in April. Although it was suggested in previous reports that stable and declining nutrient concentrations may relate to increased river flows and dilution of nutrient concentrations, it is clear that the explanation is more complicated as PO_4 concentrations increased in March while river flows decreased and decreased further as river flows continued to decrease. This suggests that the water quality spikes also reflect variation in the nutrient sources over time as well as antecedent river flows and rainfall events.

The background concentrations of all of the nutrients being monitored in the Churn and Gumstool Brook appear to be relatively low, although the frequent phosphate peaks are notable. Using information from the UK Technical Advisory Group (UKTAG) on the Water Framework Directive (WFD), Defra/EA reporting metrics and guidance from FreshWater Watch, a set of water quality standards for nutrients has been collated. Using these standards, it is now possible to use the monitoring data to assess the water quality health of the Churn and Gumstool Brook in a more consistent framework. This shows that the water quality in both the Churn and Gumstool Brook ranges qualitatively from high to poor when considering phosphate, high to moderate for ammonia and good for nitrate. For phosphate and ammonia, the approach to setting standards differs, with phosphate focused on averages, typically annual averages, with ammonia focused on contamination events using the 90th percentile of data sets. With a complete calendar year of

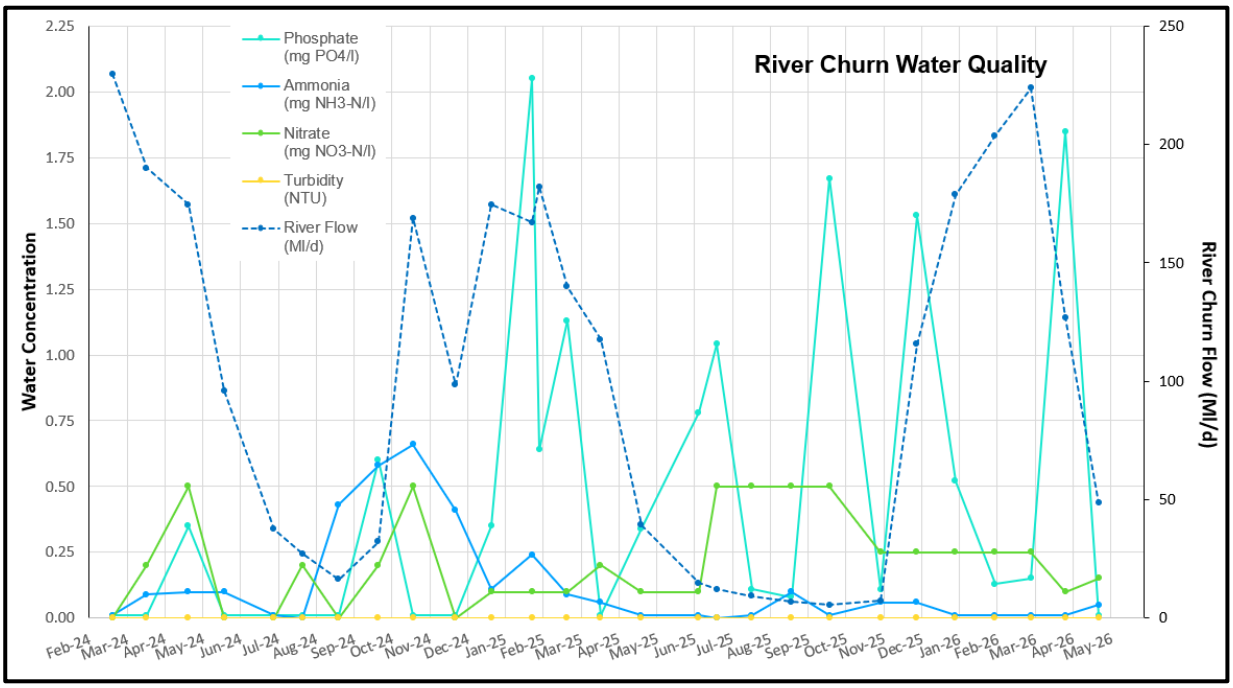
data from 2025, plus a “water year” from October 2024 to September 2025, an initial comparison with the collated standards is summarised below:

Watercourse	Phosphate		Ammonia		Nitrate	
	2024-25	2025	2024-25	2025	2024-25	2025
River Churn	Poor	Poor	Good	High	Good	Good
Gumstool Brook	Poor	Poor	High	Good	Good	Good

It is clear for phosphate that multiple spikes of elevated concentrations dominate over High to Good quality that often occurs during Summer, resulting in elevated average concentrations. For April 2026, a snapshot of the water quality health is summarised below, showing a marked change in phosphate which was categorised as poor in March 2026 :

Watercourse	Phosphate	Ammonia	Nitrate
River Churn	High	High	Good
Gumstool Brook	High	High	Good

From an initial review of water quality standards, it is apparent that there is some variation between information sources. This results, for example, in some standards indicating moderate phosphate water quality while others indicate poor quality. In establishing an appropriate set of standards for the Churn and Gumstool Brook through further review, the guidance set out by FreshWater Watch for nitrate concentrations has now been incorporated.



Measurement of bacteria concentrations in the Churn at Gooseacre Lane began in September 2025 as part of the water quality monitoring and, with the increased flow in the Gumstool Brook along Riverside Walk, measurements began in November. Specifically, the number of faecal coliform E. coli (*Escherichia coli*) is being measured, which can be derived from human and animal waste, but most measurement methods cannot distinguish between the sources.

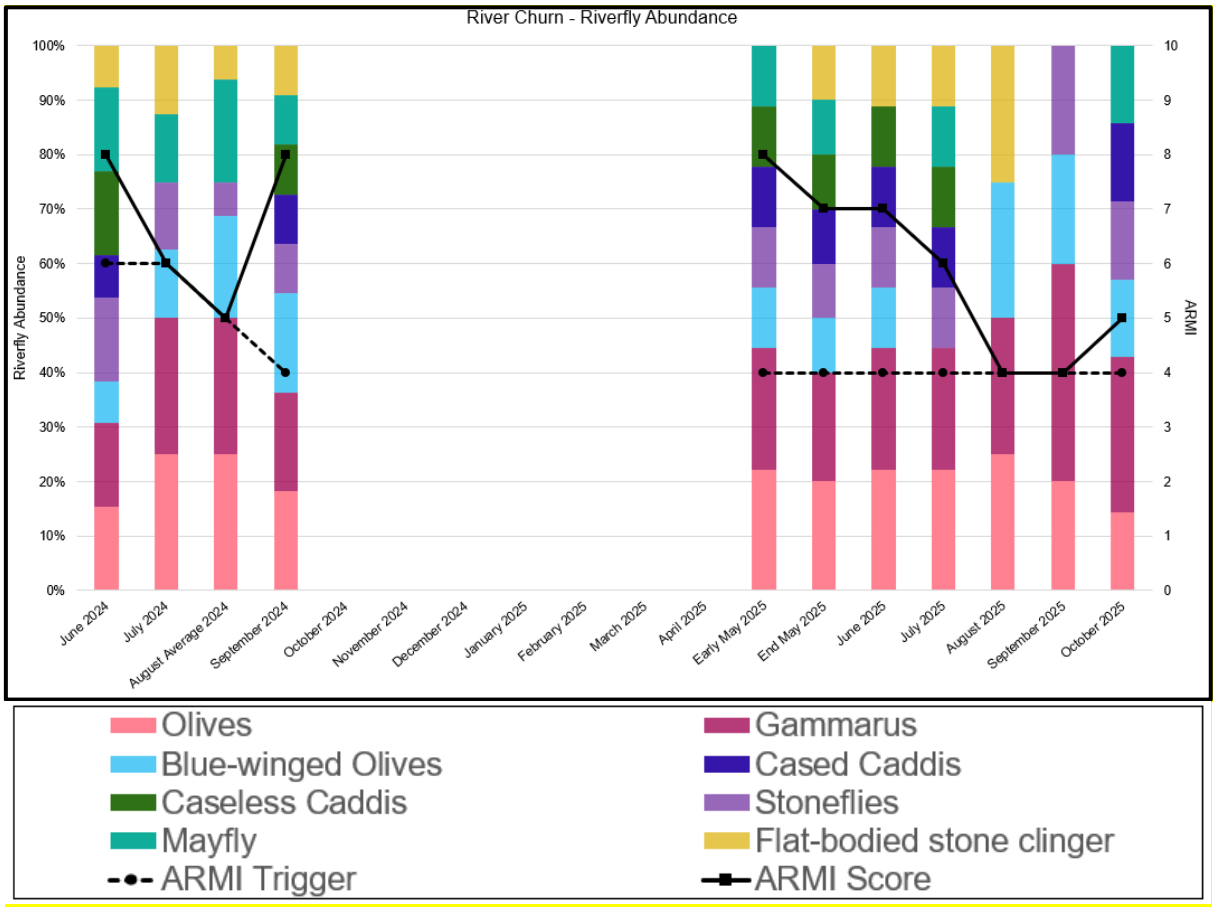
In September, a concentration of 6,900 cfu/100 ml (colony forming units per 100 millilitre) was measured in the Churn, decreasing to 1,200 cfu/100 ml at the end of October and 200 cfu/100 ml at the end of November. No faecal coliforms were detected in the November sample from the Gumstool Brook. Based on measurements to date, it is not appropriate to make comparisons with water quality standards. For example, classification of UK inland bathing water quality reported by the EA is based on a statistical distribution of results gathered over a 4 year period for

the May to September bathing season. For context only, the single result for the Churn from within this period is significantly higher than the 1,000 cfu/100 ml "Good" standard defined in the Bathing Water Regulations 2013. With consideration of May to September being the defined bathing water season, further E. coli sampling will not be carried out before May 2026 unless there are suspected river pollution issues associated with intense rainfall events.

b) Riverfly health

Monitoring of riverflies collected from the riverbed, via kick sampling within the Churn and Gumstool Brook, focuses on stoneflies, caddisflies, mayflies and other species, which are recognised as good indicators of water quality. Following a pause in monitoring after the September 2024 round, monitoring re-commenced in May 2025 continuing until October 2025. The next round of riverfly sampling is planned for end May 2026.

The available results for the River Churn are presented below, comparing the ARMI (Anglers Riverfly Monitoring Initiative) score, calculated from the riverflies identified and counted in the sample, with an ARMI trigger. Following August and September 2025 results, where the Churn ARMI score had decreased to the ARMI trigger level, the October results had a higher ARMI score. This indicates that following a deterioration in the ecological health of the Churn during the Summer, the river experienced its poorest health during the time of lowest minimum flows, but showed improving health in October as river flows began to increase.



c) Environmental observations

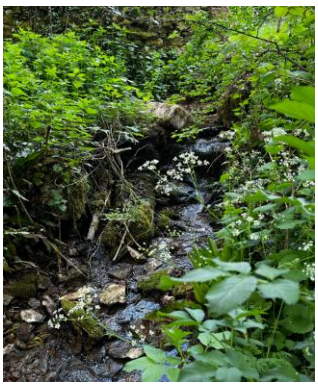
Recommendations set out by CWG for environmental enhancement in and around Cirencester's waterways, and prioritized jointly by CWG and FoGB, have led to delivery of a number of these enhancements in Jack Gardners, the Abbey Grounds and City Bank, or are in progress, with support from volunteers. It is expected that other of the environmental enhancements will be included in the implementation of the Cirencester Town Council Green Spaces Strategy, linking into a catchment action plan for the wider Churn catchment in development by the Cirencester & Churn Waterways & Environment Partnership (CCWEP).

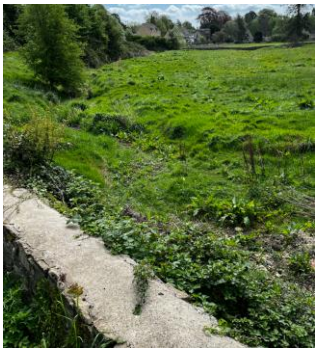
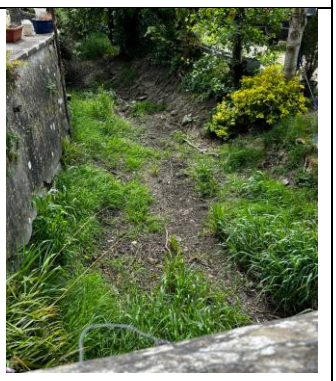
6. Stream Monitoring Photographic Record

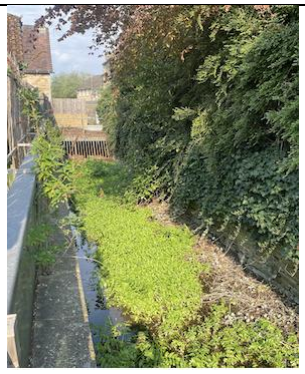
This month the Churn photographs were collected on 30th April and the Daglingworth Stream photographs were collected on the 2nd of May.

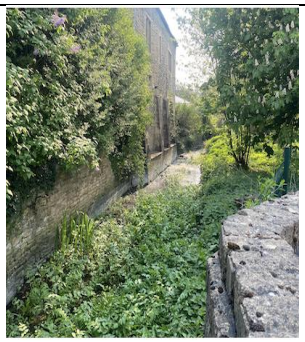
- The source of the Daglingworth stream has a dry streambed.
- The flow in the Daglingworth Stream from the Duntisbourne Abbots spring downstream to Daglingworth village has reduced to a low flow.
- The flow in the Daglingworth stream ceases just upstream of the ford at Daglingworth Place. There is no flow in the stream from this point all the way into Barton Lane.
- Both of the woody debris leaky dams upstream of Daglingworth are in good condition. The stream has a low flow and the dams are not restriction the flow.
- The measured daily average flow in the River Churn, measured by the EA, was just below 39 Ml/d (0.45 m^3/s) on 30th April when the Churn photographs were taken.
- The large sluice gate at the Gloucester Street sluices was closed on 16th April as per the MoU document .
- The water level in the Barton Mill Pound continues to fall in line with the declining flows in the River Churn. There are low flows out of the Mill Pound from both the New and Old overflows.
- There is a very low flow in the Gumstool Brook along Riverside Walk and through to the Abbey Grounds. The Gumstool Brook Balancing Stream has significant vegetation growth and very low flow.
- The River Churn through the town has a low flow along the eastern branch with low water level downstream of New Mills.
- There appears to be a moderate flow of water in the western branch of the River Churn through the Abbey Lake, but with slow flow occurring within City Bank.

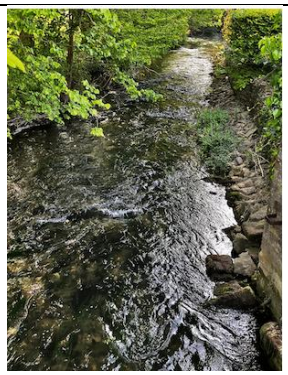
1a. Daglingworth Stream upper source north of Duntisbourne Abbots. The stream bed is dry on both sides of the road.		1b. Duntisbourne Abbots village spring. The spring is filled with clear water and there is a steady flow of water from the back to the front.	

2. Duntisbourne Abbots Daglingworth Stream downstream of inferred confluence of spring sources. There is a moderate flow of clear water from the spring and in the channel.		3. Duntisbourne Leer ford, Daglingworth Stream. There is a moderate flow across the ford that extends to ~ 7 cobbles on northeast side.	
4. Middle Duntisbourne ford, Daglingworth Stream. A moderate flow is observed that extends to 12 bricks of the cobbled area of the south-west channel edge.		5. Duntisbourne Rouse ford, Daglingworth Stream. There is a moderate flow across the ford, which is well inside the SW boundary cobbles.	
6a. Daglingworth Stream – Leaky Dam #1, upstream of Grove Hill Lane. The dam is in good condition. There is extensive vegetation present in the stream bed so unable to confirm the flow condition.		6b. Daglingworth Stream Leaky Dam #2, upstream of Grove Hill Lane. The dam is in good condition. There is a low flow in the stream.	
6c. Daglingworth Stream Grove Hill bridge. A low flow is observed that fills a small section of the channel in the field upstream of the Grove Hill bridge.		7. Daglingworth Stream at Lower End road bridge. There is a low flow observed in the channel.	

8a. Wellhill Copse, Daglingworth Stream in equestrian fields. The stream has a low flow in the equestrian fields upstream of the path stile.		8b. Wellhill Copse, Daglingworth Stream upstream of stile There is a low flow in the stream in the field upstream of the stile.	
8c. Wellhill Copse, Daglingworth Stream near path stile. There is a low flow in the stream.		9b. Daglingworth Place ford, Daglingworth Stream. The stream bed is dry through the ford.	
10. Grange Farm bridge, Daglingworth Stream. The stream channel is dry.		11. School Hill bridge, Daglingworth Stream. The stream channel is dry.	
12. Stratton End (private road), Daglingworth Stream. The stream is dry upstream and downstream of the road bridge.		13. Barn Way bridge, Daglingworth Stream. The stream channel is dry.	

15. Footpath at Lower Stratton. The stream bed is dry.		16a. Daglingworth stream just downstream of Bathurst estate boundary wall Water flowing slowly	
16b. Daglingworth Stream just downstream of Bathurst estate boundary wall Water level low, low flow		17. Gumstool Brook balancing stream Flowing v slowly	
18. Gumstool Brook - gauge alongside swimming pool Low flow, some buildup of debris		18a. Gumstool Brook - along Riverside Walk	NO PHOTO
19. Gumstool brook at culvert trash screen Low flow		20. Balancing stream at Powell's school - at trash screen Much buildup of vegetation	

21. Balancing stream at Powell's School - towards Salvation Army building		22. River Churn at Gloucester St. bridge upstream of sluices Flowing slowly	
22a. Glos St bridge sluices Flowing		22b. River Churn at Glos St bridge measuring gauge	
22d. River Churn downstream of Glos St sluices		22d. Glos St bridge towards Mill Pound Buildup of vegetation	
22e. Mill Pound downstream from Glos St bridge Flowing		25. Gauge in Mill Pound Gauge showing 5.5	
25a. Mill Pound overflow (new) Stream flowing slowly		26. Mill Pound overflow (old) Water visible - overflow from Mill pond	

27 Gumstool Brook gauge at foot bridge		27a. Mill Pound upstream of footbridge	
27b. Mill Pound downstream of footbridge		33. River Churn upstream side of Gooseacre Lane Flowing	
34. River Churn gauge upstream side of Gooseacre Lane showing 2.5		34a, River Churn downstream side of Gooseacre Lane Flowing	
35a. River Churn upstream of Spitalgate Lane bridge		35b. Bridge on upstream side of Spitalgate Lane bridge	
35c. River Churn downstream of Spitalgate Lane bridge		36a. River Churn at Hereward Road trash screen	

36b. River Churn upstream of Hereward Rd trash screen		36c. River Churn downstream of Hereward Rd. trash screen	
37. Stream flowing into Abbey grounds & lake		38a. Weir at stream outlet from Abbey Lake Good flow out of lake	
38b. Footbridge at stream outlet from Abbey Lake		39. Abbey Lake outlet stream at Corinium Gate bridge	
40. Gumstool Brook in Abbey Ground towards Waterloo Water level low		40a. Gumstool culvert outlet in Abbey Grounds Hardly flowing but trash visible	
41a. Gumstool brook alongside Waterloo flats looking upstream Lot of vegetation		41b. Gumstool brook confluence with Abbey lake outlet (Waterloo carpark)	

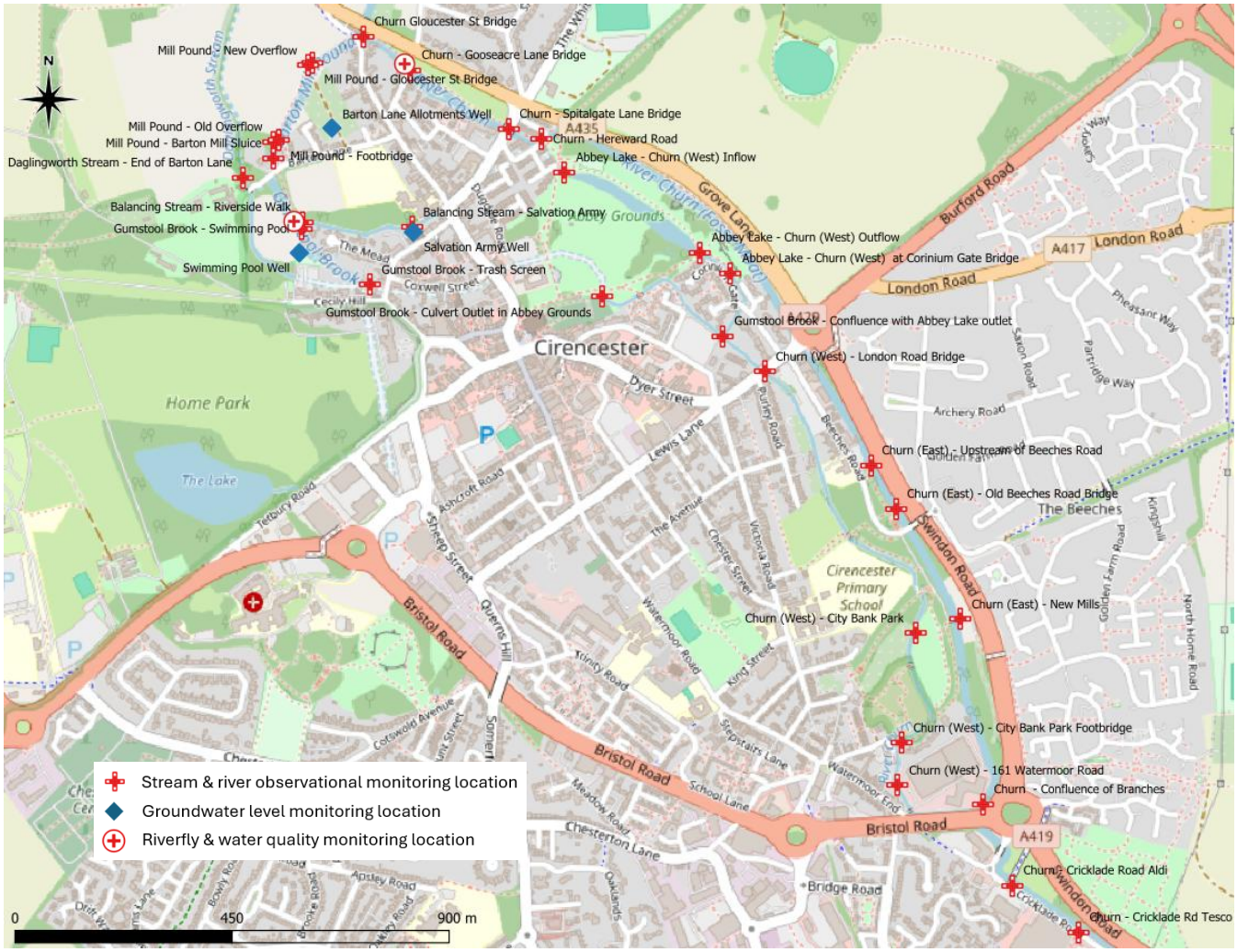
42. Gumstool brook on downstream side of London Rd bridge		42a. Gumstool brook on downstream side of London Rd bridge	
43. River Churn upstream of old Beeches Road bridge		43a. River Churn downstream of old Beeches Road bridge	
44. Weir at City Bank glade		45. River Churn - Furness hole Stream visible, very low flow	
46. River Churn - New Mills overflow Still showing strong flow		46b. River Churn - New Mills downstream Water level fairly low	
47. Churn at City Bank park footbridge Flowing slowly		48.Churn at Watermoor point car park Flowing slowly	

49. River Churn at Cricklade Road opposite Aldi No overflow		50. River Churn at Cricklade Road opposite Tesco Flowing slowly	

7. Monitoring location maps

Map 1: All monitoring locations, showing area covered in more detail by Map 2

Map 2: Detail of monitoring locations in Cirencester



8. Details of the stream monitoring locations

No.	Location Name	Grid Reference	What3Words Link
1	Daglingworth Stream - Duntisbourne Abbots Upper Source	SO 97036 08089	https://w3w.co/winners.lamenting.energetic
2	Daglingworth Stream - Duntisbourne Abbots Springs	SO 97163 07783	https://w3w.co/league.teaching.adhesive
3	Daglingworth Stream - Duntisbourne Leer Ford	SO 97544 07599	https://w3w.co/thatched.northward.enclosing
4	Daglingworth Stream - Middle Duntisbourne Ford	SO 98134 06527	https://w3w.co/reporters.slower.axed
5	Daglingworth stream - Duntisbourne Rouse Ford	SO 98621 05995	https://w3w.co/flamenco.spines.openings
6	Daglingworth Stream - Grove Hill Bridge	SO 99117 05367	https://w3w.co/processes.swipes.grouping
7	Daglingworth stream - Lower End Bridge	SO 99662 04835	https://w3w.co/objective.verbs.shoving
8	Daglingworth stream - Wellhill Copse Stile	SP 00277 04034	https://w3w.co/automate.servicing.objecting
9	Daglingworth stream - Daglingworth Place Ford	SP 00529 04013	https://w3w.co/posed.emerald.bandstand
10	Daglingworth Stream - Grange Farm	SP 00890 03931	https://w3w.co/episodes.champions.keyboards
11	Daglingworth Stream - School Hill	SP 01102 03770	https://w3w.co/undercuts.winks.retiring
12	Daglingworth Stream - Stratton End	SP 01236 03714	https://w3w.co/nursery.jacuzzi.unearthly
13	Daglingworth Stream - Barn Way	SP 01427 03440	https://w3w.co/requiring.handfuls.powers
14	Daglingworth stream - Plough Inn Channel	SP 01468 03385	https://w3w.co/flap.grafted.cuts
15	Daglingworth Stream - South Stratton	SP 01657 03072	https://w3w.co/commutes.boom.narrates
16	Daglingworth Stream - End of Barton Lane	SP 01712 02392	https://w3w.co/hydrant.paces.underway
17	Balancing Stream - Riverside Walk Sluice	SP 01835 02300	https://w3w.co/oasis.eclipses.pythons
18	Gumstool Brook - Swimming Pool Entrance	SP 01832 02287	https://w3w.co/monks.factored.blazers
19	Gumstool Brook - Private Bridge	SP 02067 02394	https://w3w.co/catapult.prepared.watching
20	Gumstool Brook - Trash Screen	SP 01975 02171	https://w3w.co/unicorns.carbonate.ruling
21	Balancing Stream - Powells School	SP 02085 02301	https://w3w.co/marshes.batches.spectacle
22	Balancing Stream - Salvation Army	SP 02061 02290	https://w3w.co/conquests.cried.fewest
23	River Churn - Glos St Sluices	SP 01960 02684	https://w3w.co/stooping.height.palms
24	Mill Pound - Glos St Bridge	SP 01856 02630	https://w3w.co/unguarded.thousands.gifted
25	Mill Pound - New Overflow	SP 01847 02625	https://w3w.co/arrives.headings.crisis
26	Mill Pound - Old Overflow	SP 01775 02466	https://w3w.co/sample.fuzzy.composts
27	Mill Pound - Footbridge	SP 01785 02470	https://w3w.co/sharpness.heightens.assembles
28	Mill Pound - Barton Mill Sluice	SP 01773 02433	https://w3w.co/yummy.rail.swan
29	Well - Barton Lane Allotments	SP 01896 02515	https://w3w.co/toasters.resettle.factoring
30	Well - The Plough Inn	SP 01469 03394	https://w3w.co/dote.teams.twitchy
31	Well - Salvation Army	SP 02070 02268	https://w3w.co/fine.unwraps.cowboys
32	Well - Open Air Swimming Pool	SP 01827 02237	https://w3w.co/veered.expansion.goad
33	Churn - Upstream of Gooseacre Lane	SP 02040 02633	https://w3w.co/idea.compacts.smashes
34	Churn - Gooseacre Lane Bridge	SP 02058 02615	https://w3w.co/moving.snaps.dentures
35	Churn - Spitalgate Lane Bridge	SP 02261 02493	https://w3w.co/vibrates.treetop.quirky
36	Churn - Hereward Road	SP 02329 02473	https://w3w.co/subject.enjoys.shackles
37	Abbey Lake - Stream Inlet	SP 02377 02404	https://w3w.co/silly.hairstyle.streak
38	Abbey Lake - Stream Outlet	SP 02658 02237	https://w3w.co/boater.rankings.scribble
39	Abbey Lake - Stream at Corinium Gate Bridge	SP 02721 02194	https://w3w.co/essay.goes.waltzed
40	Gumstool Brook - Culvert Outlet in Abbey Grounds	SP 02456 02147	https://w3w.co/agency.mascots.warping
41	Daglingworth Stream - Confluence with Abbey Lake outlet (Waterloo carpark)	SP 02706 02064	https://w3w.co/trinkets.inviting.dinosaur
42	Churn (West branch) - London Road bridge	SP 02792 01991	https://w3w.co/ranks.uncouth.perfected
43	Churn (East) - Upstream of Beeches Road	SP 03012 01797	https://w3w.co/blank.sheep.springing
44	Churn (East) - Old Beeches Road Bridge	SP 03064 01707	https://w3w.co/that.rephrase.necks
45	Churn (East) - New Mills	SP 03198 01478	https://w3w.co/stolen.recovery.sensible
46	Churn (West branch) - City Bank Park Weir	SP 03116 01480	https://w3w.co/roadblock.cloth.blaze
47	Churn (West branch) - City Bank Park Footbridge	SP 03077 01222	https://w3w.co/feelers.corrects.lucky
48	Churn (West branch) - 161 Watermoor Road	SP 03068 01134	https://w3w.co/tabs.wing.scout
49	Churn - Cricklade Road Aldi	SP 03305 00926	https://w3w.co/bucked.duck.mailboxes
50	Churn - Cricklade Rd Tesco	SP 03442 00829	https://w3w.co/drag.aimed.look