

Cirencester & Churn Waterways & Environment Partnership

Weather & water in the Churn catchment: 2025 in context



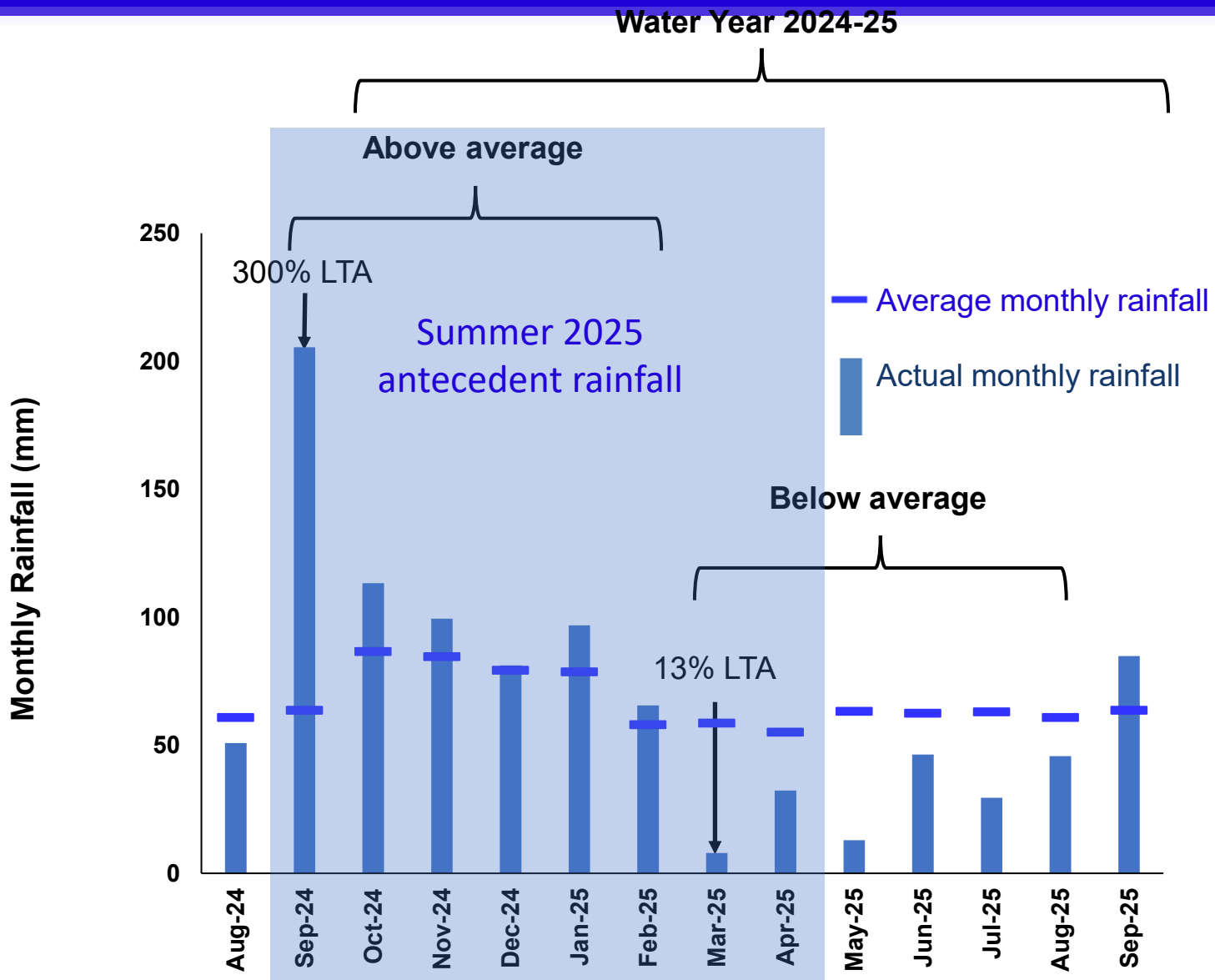
Dr Mike Jones
[@GroundwaterMike](#) 
Friends of the Gumstool Brook



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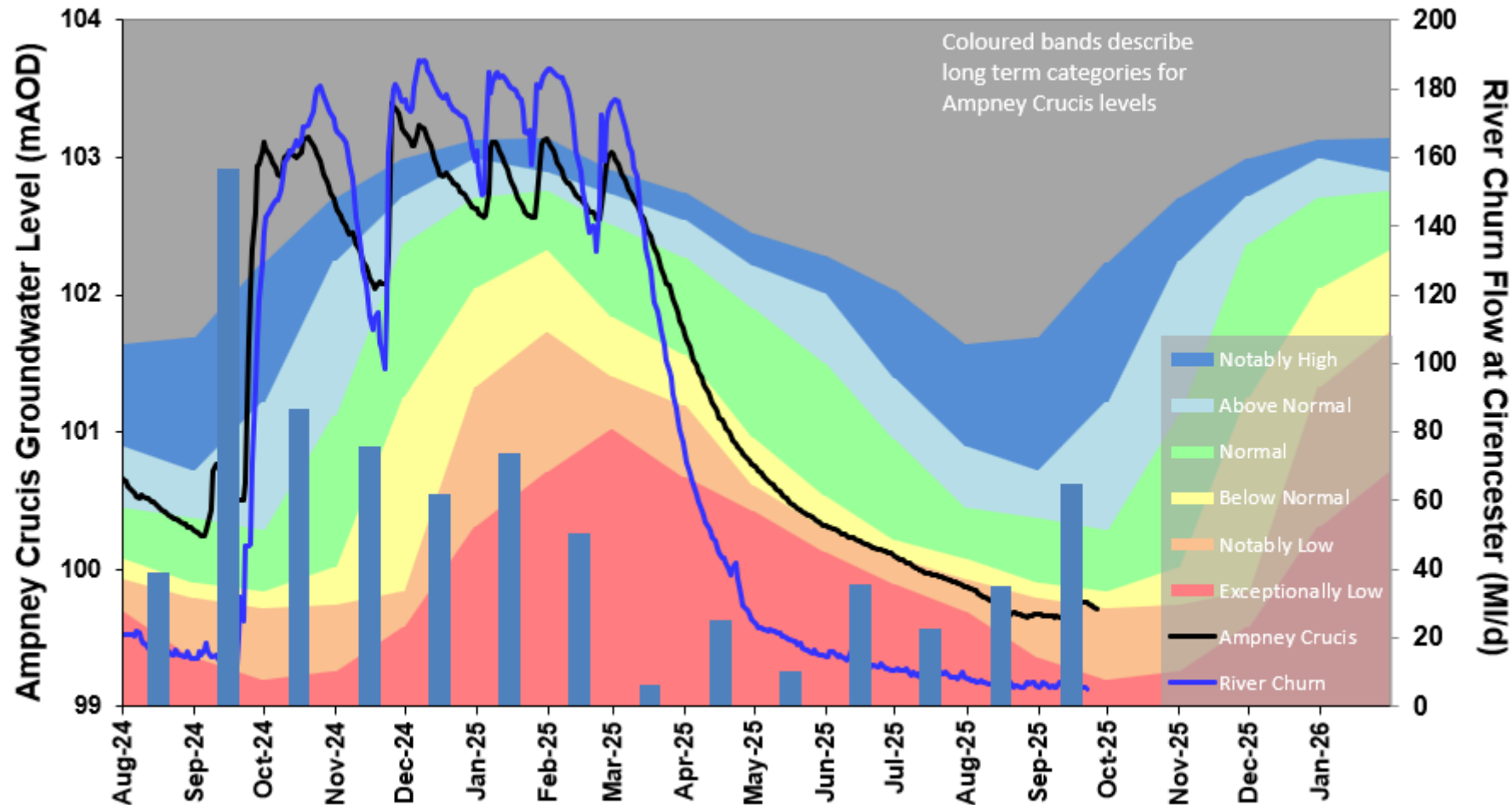
CCWEP Inaugural Meeting
RAU, Cirencester
1st October 2025

Rainfall in the Churn catchment



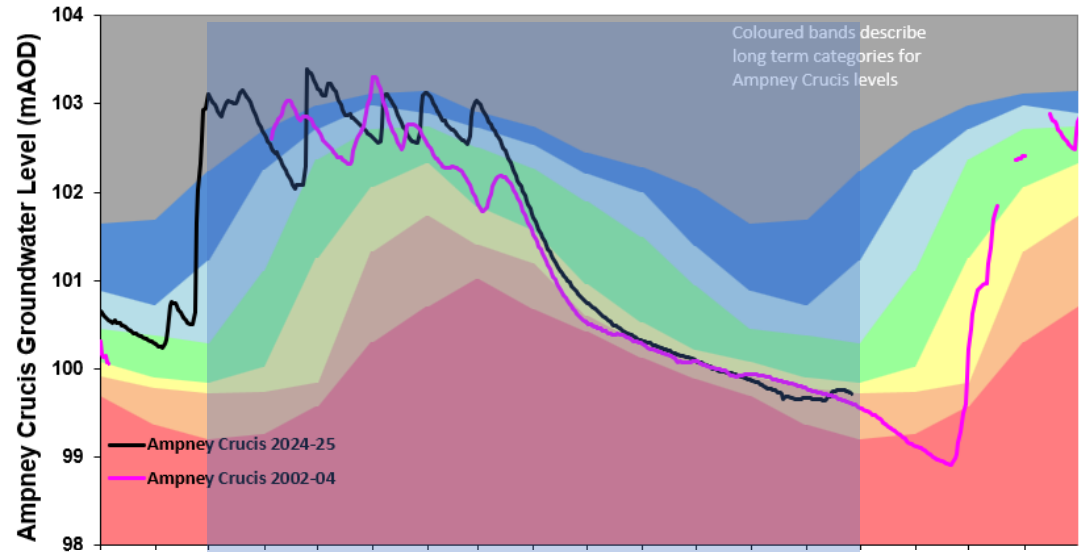
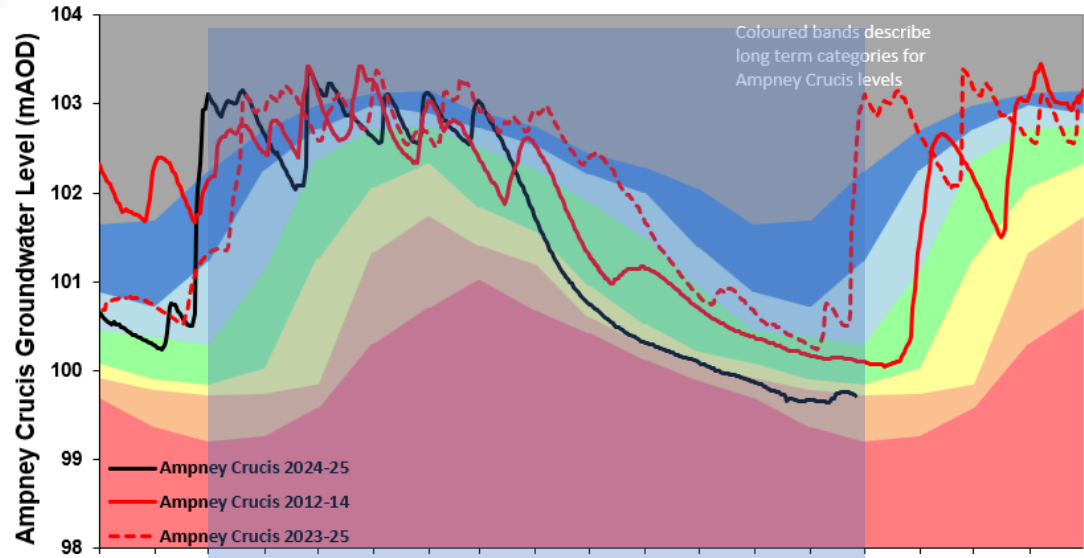
- Churn average annual rainfall ~900 mm
- Churn 2024 actual rainfall = 1300 to 1400 mm wettest calendar year on record
- “Water year”: 1st October to 30th September
 - Cooler weather
 - Plant growth slows
 - Soils become wetter
 - Water environment starts to recover
- With wettest water year ranked 1st, 2024-25 was 35th in the 44 year record
- Autumn-Winter-Spring rainfall is important for the water environment in Summer

Groundwater & River Churn response

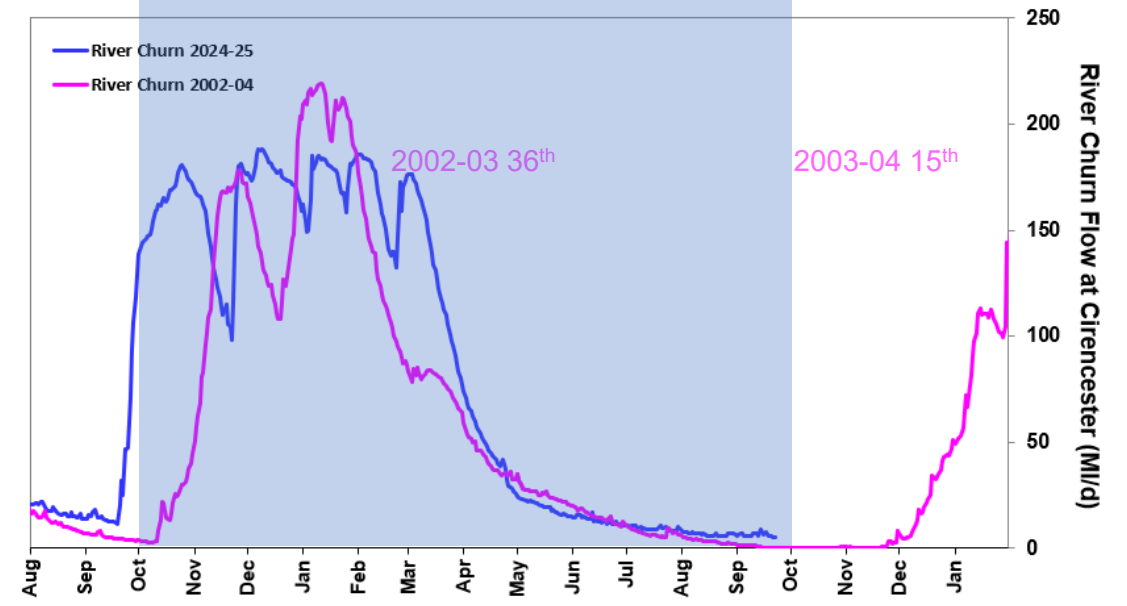
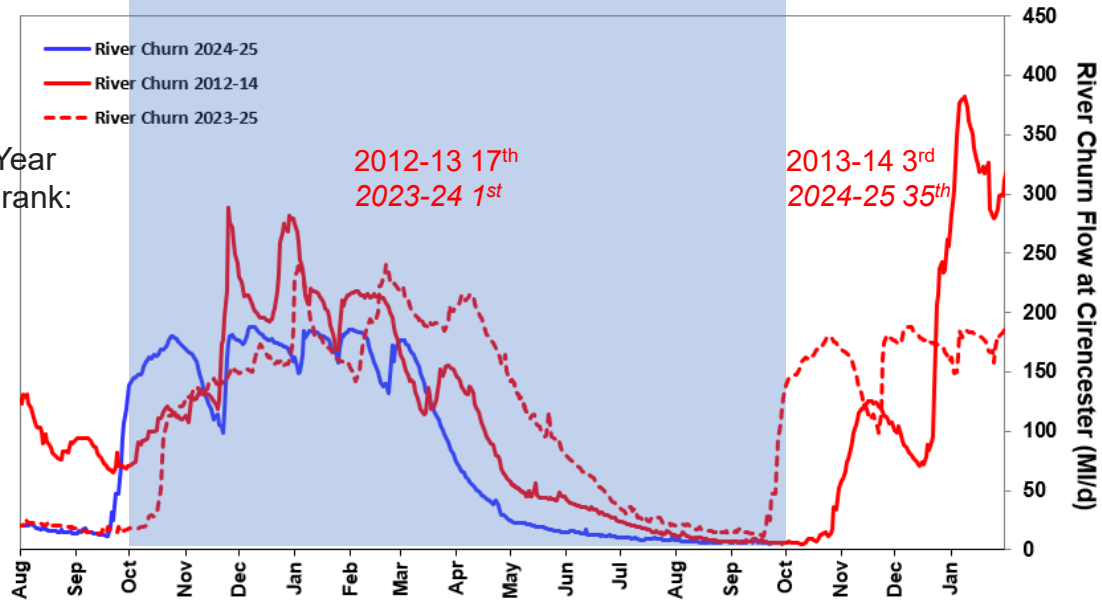


- Rapid groundwater rise to exceptionally high levels in September 2024
- Autumn/Winter fluctuations directly linked to rainfall
- Below average Spring rainfall caused fall from exceptionally high to notably low levels
- Wet September 2025 but soils still not sufficiently wet to allow significant aquifer recharge
- Pattern of River Churn flow is very similar; groundwater flow out of aquifers drives river flow

Wetter & drier: 2025 in context

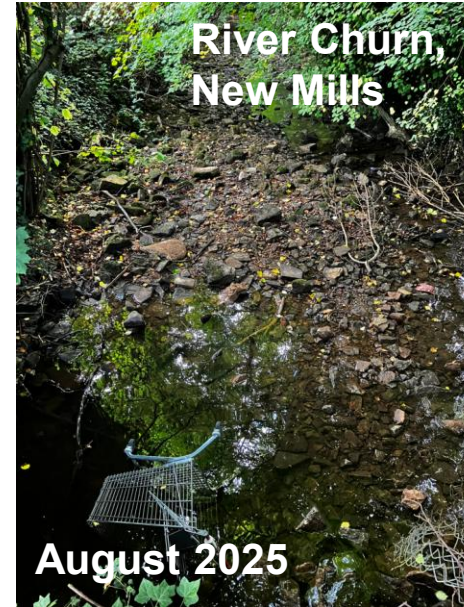


Water Year
rainfall rank:



Water environment: Hazards & mitigation

- Hazards of low river flow, drought and flood are well known in the Churn catchment
- Unsurprisingly, floods in Cirencester tend to occur during wet weather, but controls are complex:
 - No winter floods in 2023-24, the wettest water year
 - Significant flooding in 2020 with flow >300 MI/d
 - Distribution of rainfall throughout the year
 - Exceptionally high groundwater levels & high intensity rainfall increase impact
- Low flows in late summer are normal:
 - Flows >30 MI/d are rare & <15 MI/d is very common
 - Current exceptionally low flow is ~5 MI/d, but occurs ~1 in 5 years
- Low & exceptionally low summer flows can occur in relatively wet water years and when antecedent autumn-winter rainfall is above average
- Natural water storage in the catchment is low, resulting in rapid response to wet and dry weather



Churn NFM project

- “Thames Source Natural Flood Management (NFM) - Re-naturalising the Churn” aims to help mitigate flood risk

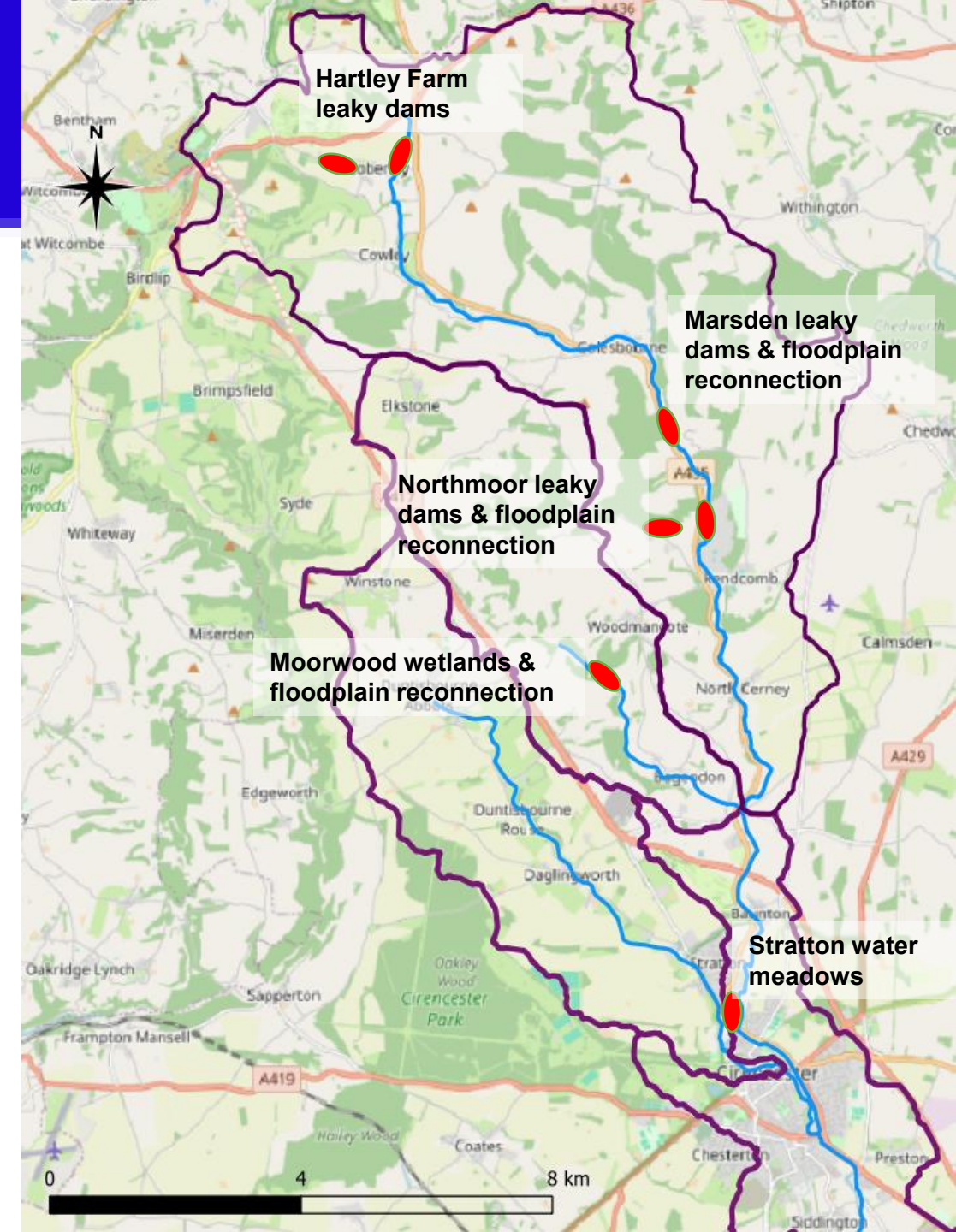
Lead Team:

GCC
FWAG
FoGB

Partners:

Cirencester Town Council
CCDT
RAU

- Collection of nature-based solutions (NBS) to slow river flow, increase water storage & enhance biodiversity
- Community engagement & citizen monitoring of benefits
- Wider NBS benefits include:
 - Increase water storage & slow release to support low flows
 - Improve aquatic habitats that experience low flows



Thank you. Any questions?

- If you are interested in joining the Friends of the Gumstool Brook, you can contact us on FriendsOfGumstoolBrook@gmail.com



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